

POST-TENSIONING SYSTEM FOR SLABS

Monostrand system

PTS system

DTS-PT-GEN-0009

(DTS-0023)

Issued: Dec 2012 - 1

Technical Department

Total pages: 11

System main features

The advantages of the technique of slab post-tensioning are several and clear.

If we take as an example a car parking, we can see that, in the case of simply reinforced concrete slab, the structure is made of a forest of pillars, with floor thickness considerably high. In the case of post-tensioned slabs, structure is spacious and free, facilitating traffic movements and parking. Floor thickness is also considerably reduced (up to 1,8 times, i.e. from 40 up to 25 cm) introducing a saving of weight, while spans reach 15 meters instead of common 7 / 8 meters. Slab post-tensioning enables deflections and cracks under service conditions to be kept under control.

This is why, in fact, post-tensioning increases the concrete durability, due to the presence of concrete always under compression stresses.

The structural simplification, giving also an increase of free space, leads to an overall reduction of costs for buildings.

This also comes from the reduction of steel placed inside slab and time needed for construction.

Even installation equipment can be less, due to reduction of formworks through the application of fast cycling after stressing.

The following table summarises the main advantages of slab post-tensioning.



Slab Post-tensioning system Main features - 1

	First direct advantage	Related further advantages
DESIGN	Reduction in slab thickness	 Floor to floor distance reduction Savings on total building height (1 floor gained each 20 foreseen) Reduction of construction volumes and consequent energy needed for heating, cooling living spaces Different opportunities for ceiling final finishing.
	Larger spans (and reduction of columns)	 Increase of free space available More architectural opportunities
	Reduction in slab weight	Savings on vertical structura bearing members and foundations.
	High limitation of crack widths	Improvement of durability and concrete behavior.
	High deflection limitation	Improvement of serviceability for all structural members
CONSTRUCTION	Reduction of steel reinforcement and arrangement simplification	Easier materials placing and handling.
	High deflection limitations due to concrete shrinkage and creep	Possible earlier formworks removal.
	High repeatability from floor to floor / quick rotation of formworks	 Reduction of erection times Reduction of formworks sets Improvement of constructability

Slab Post-tensioning system Main features - 2











Reinforcement and distances







PTS multi-strand system

Main dimensions - 1

'ENSA



PTS multi-strand system Main dimensions - 2

'ENSA